

2021 Eco-Audit Of the Mesoamerican Reef Countries March 10, 2020

- 10:00 Welcome and Introductions by HRI Team
 With Housekeeping / Agenda /- Marisol Rueda, HRI
 10:05 VIDEO overview of 2021 Eco-Audit
- 10:15 Introduction and Background of the Eco-Audit Melanie McField, HRI
- 10:25 Main Results by theme HRI Coordinators
- 11:00 New Interactive Eco-Audit Webpage Marisol
- 11:05 Questions & Comments from Participants
- 11:20 Water Our Right Campaign Announcement Alejandra Serrano, ELAW
- 11:25 Sustainable Financing for the Future Maria Jose Gonzalez, MARFund
- 11:30 Thanks & Closing Melanie and the HRI Team





Smithsonian Institution FOUNDATION

































































Sustainability Association











Semllas del

Océano



























































































RIVIERA MAYA













Taking a closer look at that pace of implementation (rate of increase in score)

EA Year	Score	Rate Change		
2011	54%	_		
2014	58%	1.3% / yr		
2016	62%	2.0% / yr		
2021	66%	0.8% / yr		

This most recent Eco-Audit assessment period showed a change for the worse, as did our 2020 Report Card – measuring the first decline in reef health in over a decade.

Healthy Reefs Collaborative Conservation

73 partner groups

Reef Monitoring & Database

Standardized Protocols, trainings, online database

19 week-long training courses & > 250 trained field biologists and database users

Report Cards

Evaluate Reef Conditions Make Recommendations

Eco Audits

Evaluate Implementation of Recommendations

Media

Wise and frecuent use of media Improved
Policies and
Management

Healthy Reefs



16 years of science & collaborative conservation



What is an Eco-Audit?

- Evaluation of Implementation of Report Card Recommendations
- Specific and verifiable criteria
- All Countries are held to the same bar
- All rankings are verified with documentation
- Transparent and inclusive processs

What is the Objective?

- Catalyze faster more effective management to improve reef health
- Evaluate each country's actual implementation of recomendations
- Assess each country's effort with comparable accountablity
- All Documets are Available at www.healthyreefs.org

2011 ECO-AUDIT of the Mesoamerican Reef Countries

Are we protecting our most valuable natural asset?

- Unprecedented in scale and scope
- Four countries
- •Over 50 organizations
- Over 100 individuals
- Over 300 supporting documents collected
- Serves as basis for measuring future progress

28 indicators evaluated x 4 countries
112 Result scores for indicators
140 Results with regional averages
175 Results with theme averages
per assessment period

~ 700 Results Overall





Four Eco-Audits Over the Last Decade

sould not be unimed in 1971. 6. Sustainability in the Private Sector s. Destina a reflector sea obsolutio propose for marine menution provider

b. Assessment of soral real economic value. . Adoption of auditor/ann-labeling programs

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Dealing investige for under representation programs

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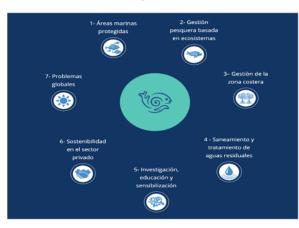
This faces preserve the velocity related a regionally assigned gain of potentially review that has been eligated and officed in the region, the conduct of the state that an apport occurs exists a state of the stat

The Miscoamerican Red' (MMR) provides a diverse array of goods and services to the people of Balice, Gustemata, Rondurg, and Marico. It is our shared haritage, Unfortunately, the health of the reef is declining, as documented by the 2008 and 2010 Report Cards published by the Healthy Reds Instative. The decline stems, at least in part, from inclinate management of threaty to consider. This Exp. Audit explication are efforts to protect and sustainable manage the region's condition's, earliebesties management success stories, and despenseds the extent to which recommended management actions have been implemented in Belice, Gusterrala, Wondurse, and Mexico. It seeks to catalyze forter. more effective management responses and its increase eccentribility within the public and private section and among nongovernmental organizations (NSOs). Draftseline schedu are comprehensive and inclusive. Restorie is ettientive, orienze-bound, and collected Date quality will be enhanced over from WHAT IS AN ECO-AUDIT? A CALL TO ACTION The mode of the fire-trade are standed to tenth a sense of separate contraded to an interest company of tenths and the processing the set the printer sector. But a take and representable to recomming the first are destroy, being a first or commands to take consequent 2011 Eco-Audit all available at www.healthyreefs.org

듬 **RESULTS BY THEME** The 20th Confederated regards cannot be of themses as 2.0 feed of procedure cannot feed, central part of the industries that is proved, by a other manufacture part feed the confederate part of the province of the confederate part of the province of the confederate part Ø Marine Protected Areas 0 b. Persect of a couptry's territorial and included in May protected copies a. Persect of pusped cord and area included in falls protected power 6. Pened of SPNs with good compensed. Pened of SPNs with good extraored ш Security of absorbing by School willing by security of Mills as White are one of the main train for protecting and maximum and providing managed stated the benefits. Regionally, this there manimal the second most improvement on colors 2011. The cost offices care throughout correct to anything color to be for a light to proper extent of extended care of the colors of the colors of extended care of the colors of the colors of extended care of exten **□ □ □ □ □ □** 0 2. Ecosystem-based Fisheries Management a. Martenizing flateries regulations among exceptive s. Peterios of ter grown (perethis) 6. Therefore of community fidency to high based controller fidency exceptance community of Name and some fiding for load and plate constraints contrain to open at least that are not contraints, ever, only inclined particle. This these possions the effects in practicing quarter and employed pressure in the interestration of thosis specializes among the spaces, of the specialized of typic based contages. The segment of the second CRS, the second of the process of proper spaces and present present of the second contages. The segment of the second CRS, the second CRS, the presenting of the proper spaces and present places and present our present places and present our present places are second or present places. on the only regardly demonstrating any improvement in this flame. 3. Coastal Zone Management a. Data of results over piec or cooling regulations Megans stird as at infestor of its effectiveness of its model area mesupersed plus replacedation. The highest application from and social exercision in increase forestabled the region, extrains increased demand for seted of country large and reder planting an appeared plant, or stops beared developing solely plant, and exemption protection. This bears accord for \$7.7 based on the excitation of stops and of adapted CDM Flow and explosion is not execute, before country bears accord bear according to the exception protection and country planting in an exemption but of adapted CDM Flow and explosion is not exactly. Moreover, but the explosion is not execute the country bears according to the exception of the exception and the country bears according to the exception of the ex ediment is severy lasting throughout the region. Sanitation and Sewage Treatment. A Daniel & extends rangement is evap testined a. New influstration for savage treatment . Section systems, reducted policies, occurs (agriculture, frentant, orbanitation), natural, riral, debrechtur; formigh better management practises, sellen plans and Notices, publiques and exchanisants associated with history severage and industrial efficients are house obscure to comit mets. This there is exceived the extent to colories regional According for exchange property and image transport and in a property of the first property of the property of . Research, Education and Awareness s. Effective, translatives, producing of social mediants and prospered of the information. 17 Assessment of sons and monumer values . Understantide information on real condition, forests and rollow, a solution for Development of interferoplicary perturbing that resolves social and evolution recents 11 This faces pressives effects to develop introductional particular to provide social and bankle, implement recommis2016



2021



Description of Indicators

(MKI) recently implemented the first-over top-Audit of the Mesoamerican Roof (MAR). The audit evaluates the collective efforts of Belize. Guaternals. Honduras, and Mexico to protect and outsinable crassing the region's coul neets, this audit will provide the foundation for subsequent assessments, which will be implemented every bus years. The process has been reviewed by Priceill'aterhouseCoopers Costa Rica (PorC) (see acknowledgments for further details). The audit's process, indicators, and others also are presented in this document. Detailed worksheets of Coo Audit results and observations for each country and publicly available serification documentation are available. online. A four-pare brochure with a summary of high level 5co-Audit results is available online and in

print. These products, gions with additional information about the Eco-Audit, are available online at

Melanie McField (Healthy Reefs Initiative) and Benjamin Kushner (World Resources Institute)

McField and Kushner, 2011, 2011 Con-Audit of the Mesoamerican Red Countries: Description of

Example of the Criteria Page for Each of the 28 Indicators

2b. Special regulations for grouper / spawning sites

Justification: The reef food web is highly complex. The removal of just one group of fish from the food web can have widespread effects throughout the reef ecosystem, ultimately weakening and destabilizing it. The reproductive behavior of groupers makes them particularly vulnerable during spawning, and many spawning aggregation sites (SPAGs) have already been overfished and depleted of grouper. This indicator measures efforts to protect these sites and species.

Ranking Criteria

- 5 At least 90 percent of known grouper SPAGs are fully protected (year-round in MPAs) with legal regulations and at least 50 percent of these have good enforcement. ³
- 4 At least 75 percent of known grouper SPAGs are fully protected (inside MPAs) and at least 20 percent have at least moderate enforcement. ³
- 3 There are closed seasons, size limits, or catch limits specific for grouper
- 2 There has been some effort at drafting regulations, research, or a public campaign on the topic
- 1 No documentation of actions that meet the criteria to achieve a higher score is available

Means of Verification: list and location of grouper SPAG sites by country, official MPA list, copy or draft of fishery or MPA legislation, copy of consultation reports, number of enforcement actions, MPA original data collection as to the degree of enforcement at each SPAG site, and campaign strategies for conservation.

Calculation: Grouper SPAGs fully protected=((Total # of fully protected SPAGs/Total # of SPAGs) X 100); percentage with at least good enforcement=((Total # of SPAGs with good enforcement/Total # of fully protected SPAGs) X 100) and percentage with at least moderate enforcement=((Total # of SPAGs with good enforcement + moderate enforcement)/Total # of fully protected SPAGs) X 100).

2021 CRITERIA UPDATE: to Indicators 1b and 1c

The Actual TARGET for fully protected Replenishment Zones was 20% since the first Report Card in 2008

The original 2011 "Description of Indicators" Eco-Audit document says:

1b. Percent of a country's territorial sea included in fully protected zones

The longer-term target is 20% of territorial sea under full protection/fisheries replenishment zones. Future Eco-Audits will gradually increase the level of protection to meet this target.

PREVIOUS TARGETS OF 5% OF TS IN RZ (1b) AND 10% OF CORAL REEF AREA IN RZ (1c) WERE INTERIM TARGETS AS BENCHMARKS



Replenishment Zone Targets for Indicators 1b &1c

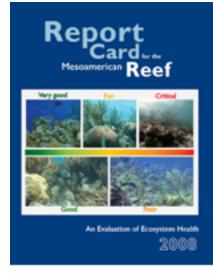
2008 Report Card Recommendations:

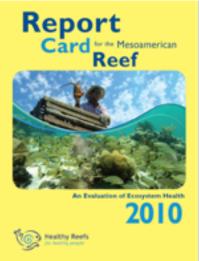
"Create and implement coastal zone management plans that include at least 20% of marine and coastal areas under full protection"

2010 Report Card Recommendations:

"Achieve 20% territorial sea under full protection (notake) within MPAs.

In two years (by 2012) achieve at least 5% on a regional scale"





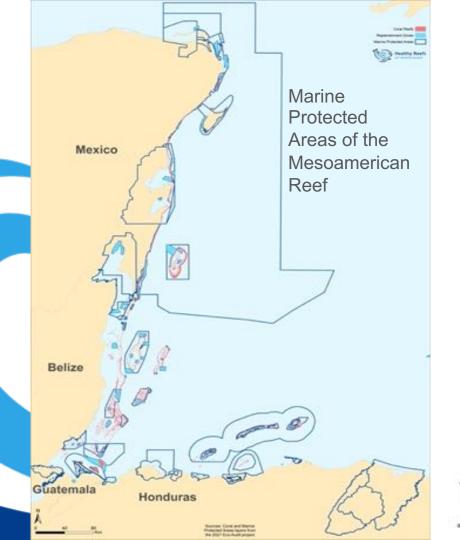






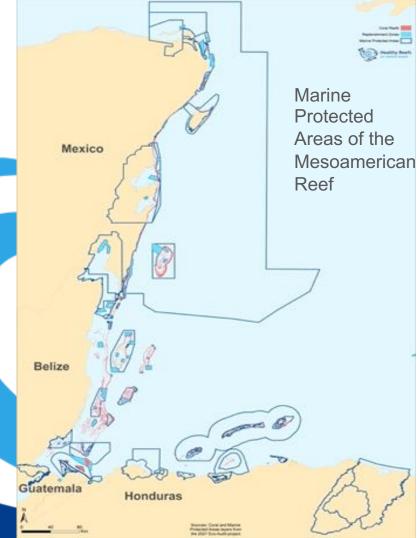
Marine Protected Areas (km2)

Belize	5,015
Guatemala	1,093
Honduras	9,633
Mexico *	19,505
MAR (GIS)	35,245



Replenishment Zones (km2)

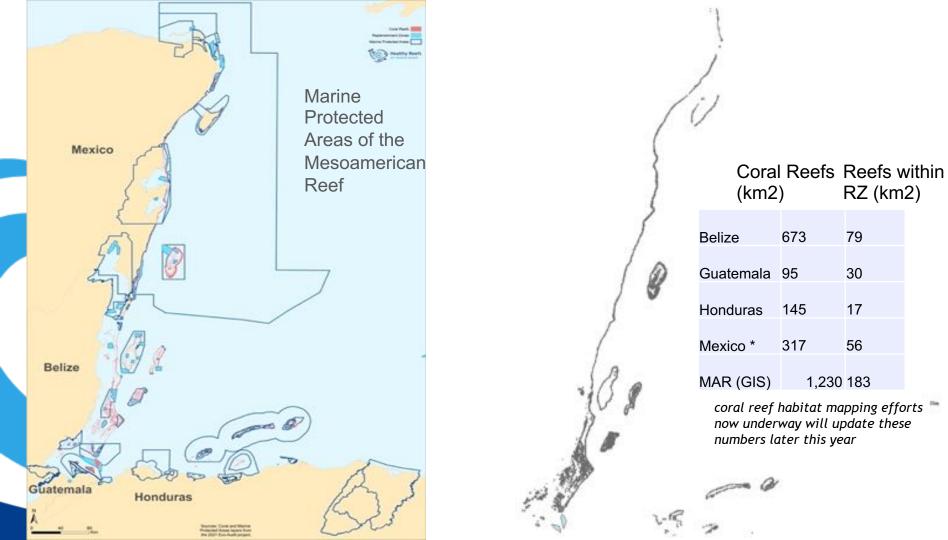
Belize	607
Guatemala	180
Honduras	510
Mexico *	723
MAR (GIS)	2020



2021 MPA Statistics

	%	6 TS in MPA	% TS in RZ	% Reefs in RZ	
Belize		25%	3%	12%	
Guater	nala	74%	12%	32%	
Hondu	ras	49%	3%	12%	
Mexico	*	98%	4%	18%	
MAR		58%	3%	15%	

	RZ area (km2)		
	2021	2011	
Belize	607	399	
Guatemala	180	0	
Honduras	510	522	
Mexico *	723	261	
MAR	2020	1182	





2021 Eco-Audit Resources include:

- 2021 Eco-Audit Interactive website
- 10 min video
- Results Summary Table for all Years, Indicators & Themes
- 4 Country-specific Results Workbooks (PDF)
- Country folders with supporting documentation (MOV's)
- Description of Indicators Document (revised in 2021)
- GIS Shape files and Metadata Appendix
- Presentation of Results (PowerPoint)

all available at www.healthyreefs.org - in March 2021



Theme 1 Marine Protected Areas

"Any area of intertidal or subtidal terrain, together with its overlying waters and associated flora, fauna, historical and cultural features, which has been reserved by legislation or other effective means to protect part or all of the enclosed environment".

- IUCN, 2011
- 1a. Percent of a country's territorial sea included in gazetted MPAs
- 1b. Percent of a country's territorial sea included in fully protected zones
- 1c. Percent of mapped coral reef area included in fully protected zones
- 1d. Percent of MPAs with good management
- 1e. Percent of MPAs with good enforcement
- 1f. Generation of alternatives for fishers within the network of MPAs

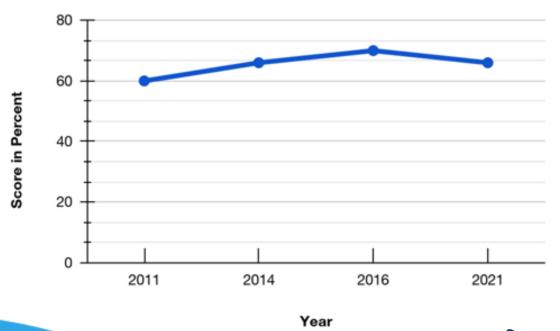


MPAs of the MAR



Theme 1 - Marine Protected Areas

MAR Score Over Time

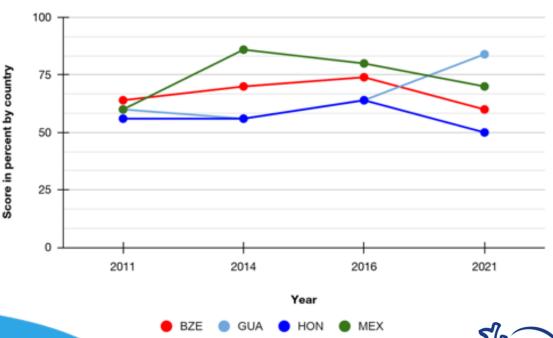






Theme 1 - Marine Protected Areas

Scores Per Country Over Time







Theme 1 - Marine Protected Areas





















1a. %TS in MPA	100	100	100	100	100
1b. %TS in Replenishment Zones	30	20	60	20	20
1c. % Coral Reefs in Replenishment Zones	80	60	100	60	80
1d. MPAs w/ Good Management	55	60	100	20	40
1e. MPAs w/ Good Enforcement	55	60	80	20	60
1f. Economic Alternatives within MPAs	75	60	60	80	100



Overfishing and destructive fishing are the most widespread threats to coral reefs. More than 80 % of the world's fisheries are overexploited or have collapsed. Recovery of fisheries requires the appropriate management of fishing areas and practices, as well as efforts to identify and address underlying social and economic factors leading to overharvesting.

In this indicator we measure:

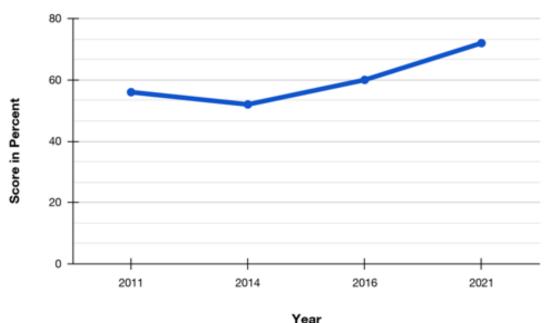
- 2a. Harmonizing fisheries regulations among countries
- 2b. Grouper regulations/FSAs
- **2c.** Protection of key grazers (parrotfish)
- 2d. Transform all open-access fisheries to rightsbased sustainable fisheries (added 2014)



ILCP/Contreras Kook



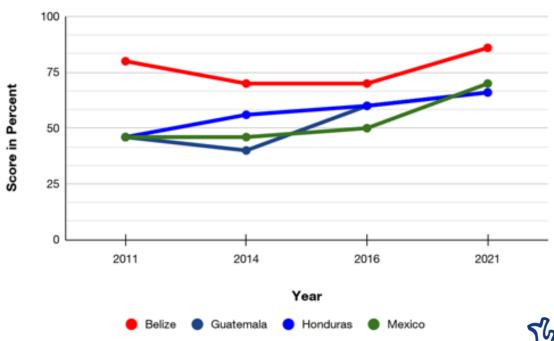
MAR Score Over Time







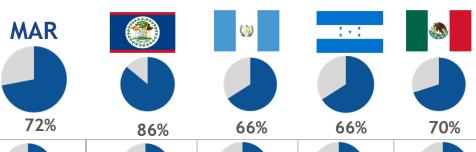
Scores Per Country Over Time

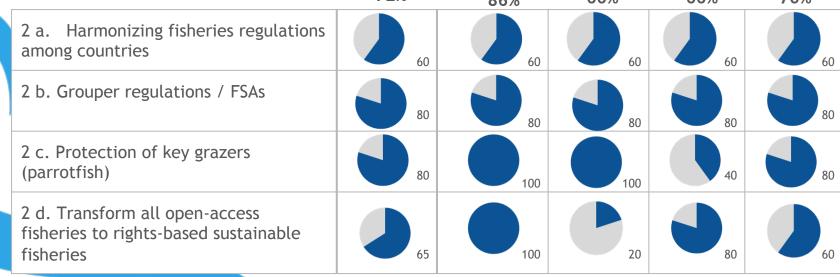






Theme 2 average score





Belize

Guatemala

Honduras

Mexico

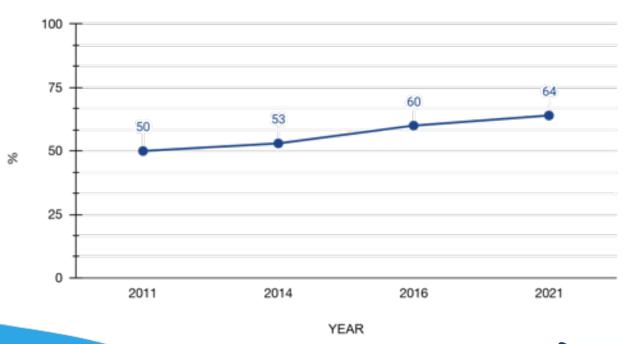
Coastal development—including human settlements, industry, aquaculture, or infrastructure—can dramatically alter nearshore ecosystems. Direct physical damage such as dredging or land filling, or indirect damage through increased runoff of sediment, pollution, and sewage, can greatly impact the health of a reef.

- 3a. Coastal zone planning regulations
- 3b. Watershed management plans related to coastal zone planning (must include water quality monitoring)
- 3c. Mangrove extent as an indicator of the effectiveness of the coastal zone management plan implementation



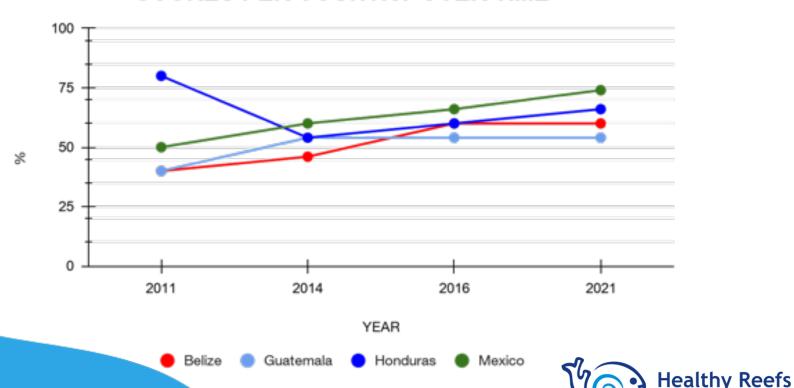


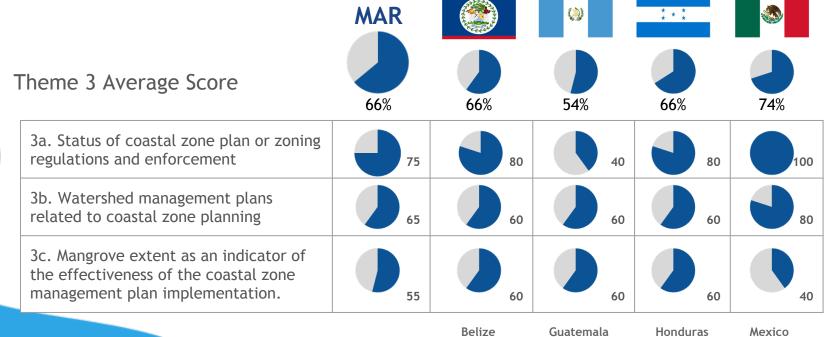
MAR SCORE OVER TIME





SCORES PER COUNTRY OVER TIME





^{*} Belize score 1a pending review





The high level of nutrients present in sewage can result in proliferation of algae that compete for space on the reef. Sewage also contains bacteria and viruses known to harm marine life, including corals. Wastewater (including sewage and industrial effluent) must be treated and controlled to reduce the nutrients and toxins that reach coral reefs.

4a: LBS protocol ratified and implemented

4b: New tertiary wastewater treatment plants

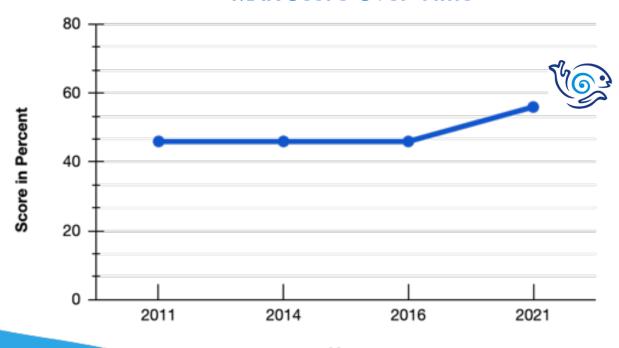
4c: Implementation of best practices for

pollution sources reduction







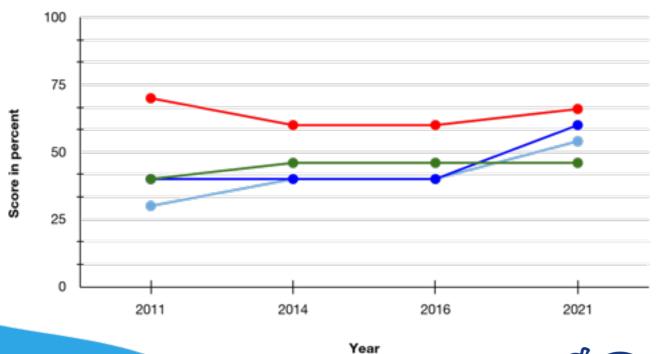






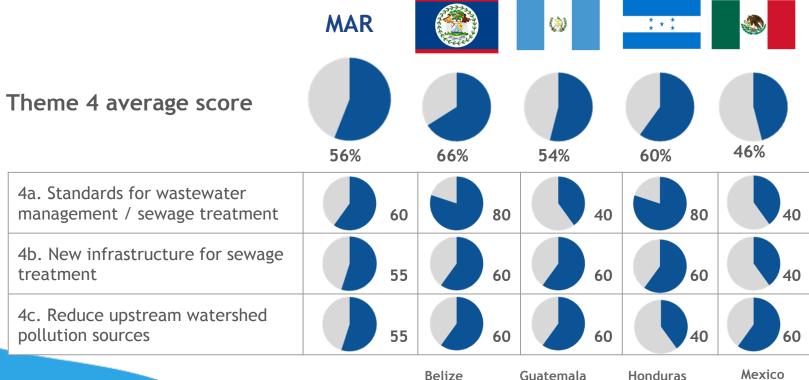
















Theme 5 - Research, Education and Awareness

Scientific information about the reef ecosystems and creating awareness is important to better recognize problems, address threats, and gain political, financial, and public support for reef management and conservation.

In this indicator we measure:

- 5 a. Effective, standardized, monitoring of coral reef health and management of that information
- 5b. Assessment of coral reef economic values
- 5c. Understandable information on reef condition, threats and values, available to the general public and stakeholders
- 5.d Development of interdisciplinary partnerships that combine social and ecological research

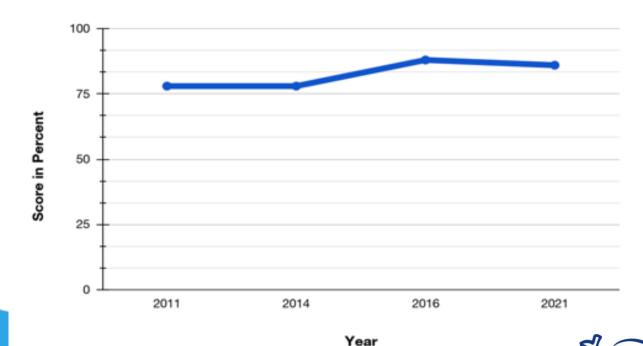


Mario Chow



Theme 5 - Research, Education and Awareness

MAR Score Over Time



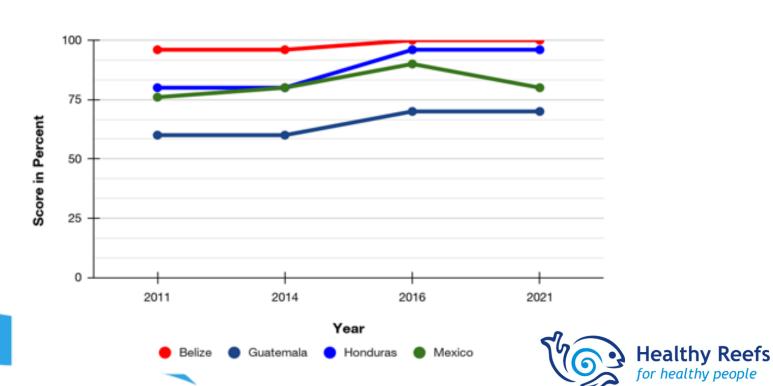


Healthy Reefs for healthy people



Theme 5 - Research, Education and Awareness

Scores Per Country Over Time





information

research

Theme 5 - Research, Education and Awareness



Effective, standardized, monitoring of

coral reef health and management of that

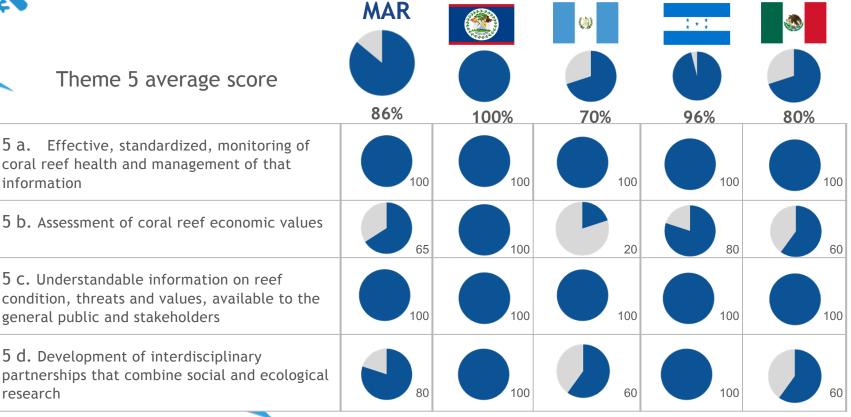
5 c. Understandable information on reef

5 d. Development of interdisciplinary

general public and stakeholders

5 b. Assessment of coral reef economic values

condition, threats and values, available to the



Belize

Guatemala

Honduras

Mexico

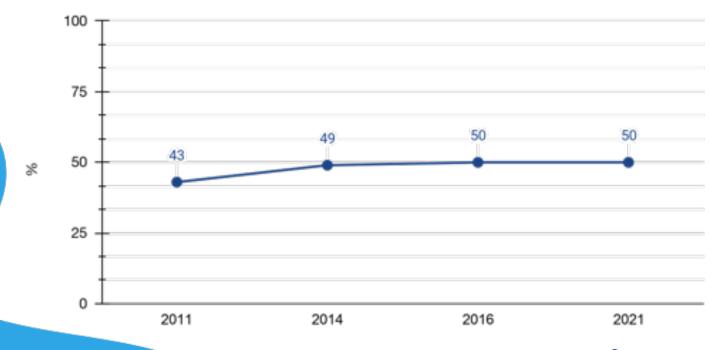
Partnerships between the private sector and governments or NGOs can facilitate information exchange, training in best environmental practices, and collaborative efforts to find solutions to issues of shared concern. Such partnerships can also be beneficial for tourism and marine recreation providers, as well as the seafood industry, by increasing their attractiveness to tourists, operators, restaurants and consumers who prefer environmentally responsible options.

- 6a. Voluntary eco-standards program for marine recreation providers
- 6b. Participation of coastal hotels in eco-certification schemes
- 6c. Adoption of seafood eco-labeling programs
- 6d. Government incentives for conservation and sustainable businesses
- 6e. Private sector assistance to MPAs





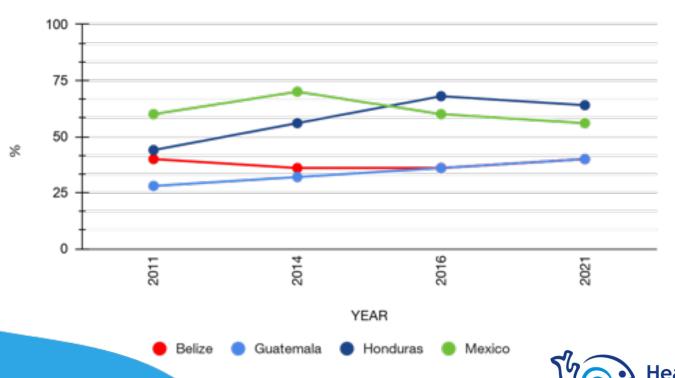
MAR SCORES OVER TIME





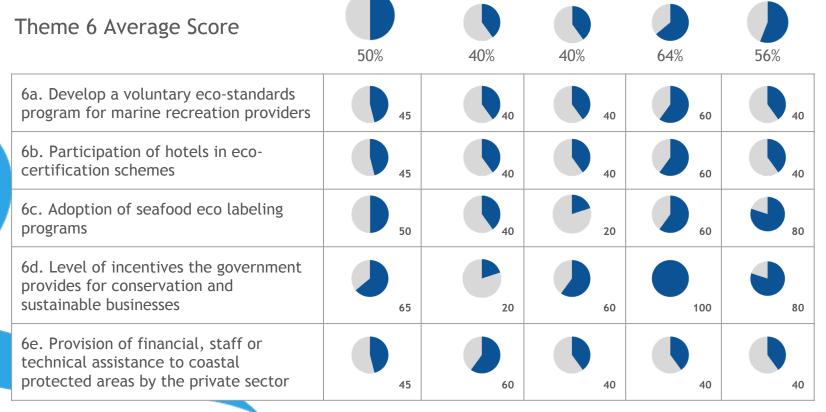


SCORES PER COUNTRY OVER TIME





MAR



Belize

Guatemala

Honduras

* * *

Mexico



A global approach to protect coral reef ecosystems is essential to achieve meaningful action.
We must work internationally, drawing on existing international frameworks and conventions, and also sharing knowledge, experience, and ideas to achieve solutions to global-scale threats such as climate change.

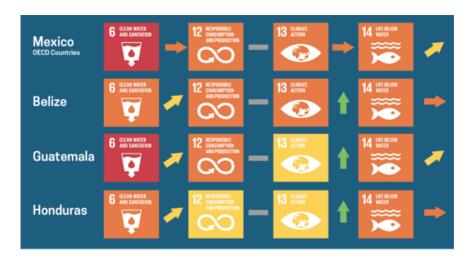
7a: Mapping resilient reefs

7b: Engagement in international

treaties

7c: Incentives programs for carbon

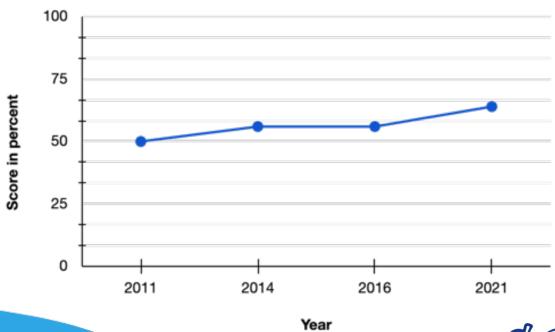
sequestration







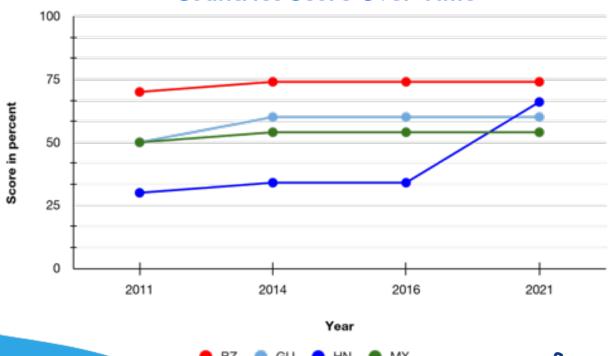
MAR Score Over Time















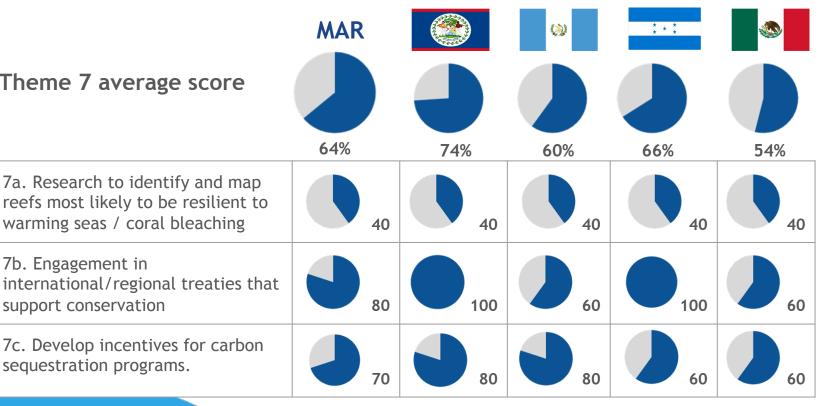
Theme 7 average score

warming seas / coral bleaching

7b. Engagement in

support conservation

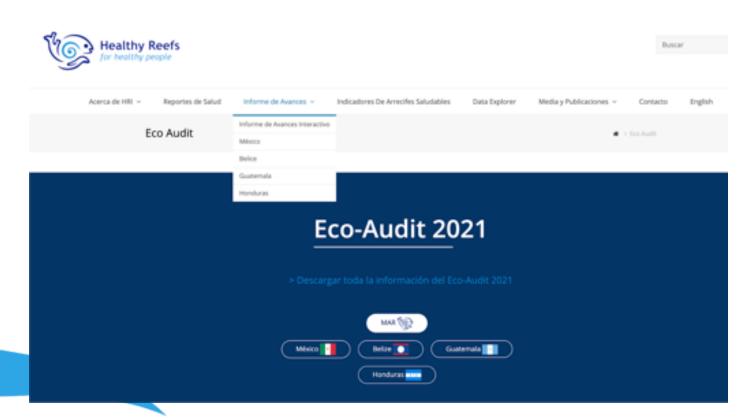
sequestration programs.



Honduras

Mexico

www.healthyreefs.org www.arrecifessaludables.org





3- Gestión de la

zona costera

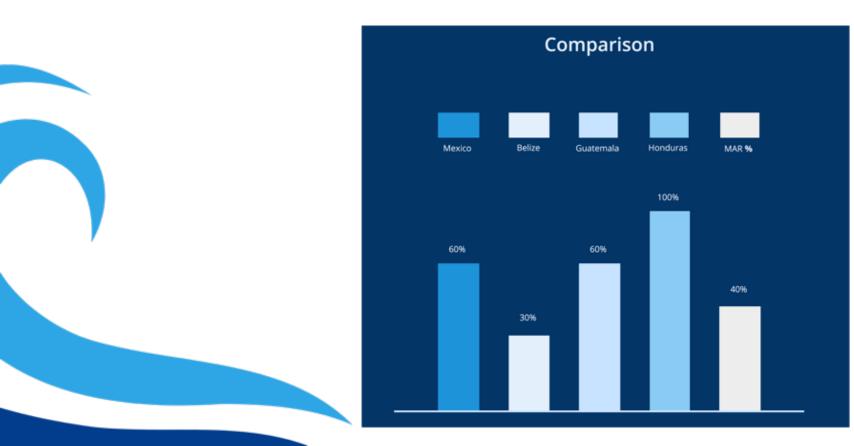
4 - Saneamiento y

tratamiento de

aguas residuales

1- Áreas marinas protegidas

 Área maritima protegida (porcentaje del mar territorial de un país incluido en las AMP publicadas) Área marítima totalmente protegida (porcentaje del mar territorial de un país incluido en zonas de reabastecimiento totalmente protegidas)



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